

Safety Manual

V2.0.0



Contents

1 Overview	1
1.1 General Safety	1
1.2 Environmental Requirements	1
1.3 Device Safety	2
1.4 Personal Safety	3
2 Device Carrying	3
3 Device Mounting	4
3.1 Mounting on a Desktop	4
3.2 Mounting into a Cabinet	4
3.3 Grounding	4
4 Cable Requirements	5
4.1 Power Cords	5
4.2 Signal Cables	6
4.3 Miscellaneous	6
5 Electrical Safety	6
5.1 Battery	6
5.2 Electromagnetic Interference	6
5.3 Anti-Static	7
6 Unpacking and Inspection	7
6.1 Unpacking	7
6.2 Inspection	7
7 Device Labels	7

1 Overview

To ensure that you can use this product correctly and safely, please be sure to observe the following precautions:

- Before performing any operation, make sure that you have read all the operating instructions provided by the device, especially the instructions that may endanger personal safety and device safety, such as dangers, warnings and cautions, to minimize the probability of accidents.
- All the operations must conform to local safety codes. When the safety and precautionary measures described in this manual conflict with local safety codes, please follow the local codes.
- The personnel responsible for installing and maintaining the device must be professionals who have been trained and have mastered the correct operation methods and all safety precautions. Only trained and qualified personnel can perform device installation and maintenance.
- This device must be used in an environment that meets the design specifications; otherwise, it may cause device failure. The resulting device function abnormalities or component damage, personal safety accidents, property losses and other situations are not included within the scope of the device warranty.

1.1 General Safety

- When operating the device, you must strictly abide by the local laws and regulations. The safety precautions described in this manual are only a supplement to the local safety laws and regulations.
- The "Danger", "Warning" and "Caution" items described in this manual are only supplementary instructions for all safety precautions.
- To ensure personal and device safety, please strictly follow all the safety precautions on the device labels and described in this manual when installing the device.

1.2 Environmental Requirements

- Ensure adequate air flow in the equipment room.
- Take necessary measures to prevent dust, water and static electricity.
- Avoid long-term direct sunlight.
- Keep the device away from heat and ignition sources.
- Do not place the device in an explosive atmosphere.
- Do not place the device in a corrosive environment.
- Do not place the device in a strong electromagnetic environment.

The following table outlines the physical environment where the device can be safely stored and operated.

Environmental Requirements	Operating Environment	Storage Environment
Temperature	0°C to 45°C	–20°C to +70°C
Humidity	0% RH to 80% RH, non-condensing	0% RH to 95% RH, non-condensing
Air Cleanliness	ISO 14644-1 ISO 9	N/A

1.3 Device Safety

- Before the operation, fix the device on the floor or other stable objects, such as a wall or mounting bracket.
- During transportation and use of the device and its packaging, the device must be fixed stably to avoid falling.
- Do not step on, hit and violently operate the device and its packaging to prevent damage to the device or packaging box.
- Do not block the ventilation openings during operation.
- When installing the boards or cards, the screws must be tightened with a tool.
- After the installation, remove the empty packing materials from the device area.
- Save the packing box and materials for possible storage and transportation in the future.
- Always wear anti-static wrist bands and insulating gloves when touching the static-sensitive components.
- Avoid dropping any object into the chassis.
- Keep the device away from conductors that are easy to induce lightning to avoid lightning strikes to the device.
- Do not make the circuit faces of the boards or cards contact with each other.
- Do not touch the circuit, components, connectors or wiring slots of the boards or cards with bare hands.
- Do not repair the device without authorization. Only trained professionals can maintain the device. You can contact NovaStar at any time if needed.
- Always use the spare parts recommended by NovaStar.
- Regularly clean the dust on the heat dissipation holes to prevent the dust from blocking the holes and thus affect the heat dissipation of the device.
- When using the device in a humid or corrosive environment, take necessary measures to prevent the device from being damped or corroded.

1.4 Personal Safety

- Place the device in a stable location to prevent personal injury caused by falling.
- Avoid bare wires and maintain or replace them in time when they are damaged.
- Do not operate the device and connect cables outdoors under thunderstorms.
- Do not wear watches, rings, or other metal jewelry when installing spare parts or maintaining the device.

2 Device Carrying

- Do not relocate a powered device, and do not take along any objects that may cause danger to the relocation.
- Ensure that the device cabinet is stable and level during transportation to prevent the cabinet from overturning and causing serious personal injury.
- Always pay attention to the wheels at the bottom of the cabinet or flight case during transportation to avoid them being jammed by stones or deformed due to external forces.
- Always hold the handles of the flight case firmly when pushing a flight case with wheels. Do not stack other devices on the flight case.
- The relocated device should be repacked in the original factory packaging.
- When handling or placing the boards or cards, bare board components or modules, always package them individually.
- When carrying the device with your bare hands, always wear protective gloves to avoid injury.
- When carrying the device, handle it gently and always hold the handles of the device or drag the bottom edge of the device. Do not hold the handles of a device component.
- When the device weight exceeds the carrying limit of a single person, carry it with multiple people or use a carrying tool.
- When using a forklift or handcart for transportation, place the device stably to ensure the device will not tip over.

The following table lists the maximum weights that adults can carry at a time specified by some organizations for your reference.

Organization	Weight (kg/lb)
CEN (European Committee for Standardization)	25/55.13
ISO (International Organization for Standardization)	25/55.13
NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)	23/50.72
HSE (Health and Safety Executive)	25/55.13

Organization	Weight (kg/lb)
General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine of the People's Republic of China	Male: 15/33.08 Female: 10/22.05

3 Device Mounting

When the device is installed on a desktop or into a cabinet, the desktop or cabinet must bear at least 4 times the device weight.

3.1 Mounting on a Desktop

- Ensure the stability and grounding of the desktop or working table.
- Ensure that the device is placed horizontally and do not turn it over or hang it on the wall.
- Do not place other objects on the device.
- Do not put water cups, beverages and other containers with liquid close to or on the device to avoid liquid leakage and thus cause safety hazards.
- If any object or liquid accidentally enters the device, stop using the device and disconnect the power cord and all cables connected to the device immediately, and then contact the after-sales personnel.
- When handling a flight case with wheels, please lock and fix the wheels to prevent the device from sliding.
- When stacking, ensure all the devices are stacked stably to avoid device damage and personal injury caused by falling.

3.2 Mounting into a Cabinet

- The cabinet must be fixed properly to avoid tilting and falling, and thus cause personal injury and device damage.
- When a device is mounted into a cabinet, all mounting holes must be fixed with screws.
- Ensure the cabinet is well ventilated. It is recommended to reserve at least 1U space between the stacking devices, and the heat dissipation vents must not be obstructed and keep at least 10 cm distance away from other objects.

3.3 Grounding

- Connect the grounding wire first when installing a device, and disconnect the grounding wire at last when removing the device.

- The connecting surface of the grounding wire and the device must have good conductivity. Spray painting is strictly prohibited, and there must be sufficient fastening force between the connecting parts.
- Do not operate the device when the grounding conductor is not installed.
- There must be no joints in the middle of the grounding wire, and it is strictly prohibited to install a switch or fuse on the grounding wire.
- For devices using a three-pin socket, ensure that the ground terminal in the three-pin socket is well grounded.

4 Cable Requirements

4.1 Power Cords



Warning

Do not install or remove the power cord when the device is powered on. When the power cord core contacts the conductor, an electric arc or spark will be generated which may result in fire or eye injury.

- Protect the power cord properly to prevent it from being punctured to avoid personal injury or fire caused by a short circuit.
- To ensure the safety of the device and personnel, be sure to use the matched power cord.
- User-supplied cables must comply with local cable regulations and device cable requirements.
- Before installing or removing the power cord, turn off the device power first.
- Check the electrical plug regularly and wipe off the dirt or dust accumulated on the plug.
- Before connecting the power cord, read the labels or markings on the power cord to make sure it is a matched one.

The device is intended to operate from an AC power source with a voltage range of AC 100–240V~, 50/60Hz. Various standard plugs are shown in the figure below.

US NEMA5/15	Europe CEE 7	China GB 2099	UK BS 1363
			

E Earth N Neutral L Live

4.2 Signal Cables

- Before using a DVI or VGA signal cable, check whether the pins on the cable connector are vertical and even. If not, please replace the cable.
- Before connecting the signal cable to the device, check whether there is any object in the device connector. If yes, remove the object first.
- If the signal cable has not been used for a long time, discharge static electricity before using it.
- Under normal working conditions of the device, it is recommended that non-technical professionals do not perform hot-swapping to avoid device damage.

4.3 Miscellaneous

- Signal cables must be bound separately from strong current cables or high voltage cables.
- When the temperature is too low, severe shock and vibration may cause brittle cracking of the plastic sheath of the cable. All cables should be laid and installed when the temperature is above zero.
- If the storage temperature of the cable is below zero, the cable must be moved to room temperature and stored for more than 24 hours before laying and installation.
- When carrying cables, especially in a low-temperature environment, always handle the cable with care. Violent handling such as pushing down the cables directly from a high place is prohibited.

5 Electrical Safety

5.1 Battery

- There is a danger of explosion if a battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Always follow the relevant instructions to dispose of batteries.
- Do not throw lithium batteries into fire.

5.2 Electromagnetic Interference

- Keep the device away from transformers, high-voltage power lines and high-current devices.
- Keep the device away from high-power broadcast transmitters.

- If there is a mobile communication transmitter around the device, its interference degree should meet the requirements of relevant standards. If needed, take necessary measures to prevent interference, such as shielding and isolation.
- When using hand-held wireless communication devices, such as interphones, keep at least 30 cm away from the device.

5.3 Anti-Static

- Always wear anti-static wrist bands and insulating gloves when touching the static-sensitive components.
- Always hold the board by the edges to avoid touching the circuits or components, and do not touch the chip with your hands.
- The disassembled board must be packaged with anti-static packaging material before storage or transportation.

6 Unpacking and Inspection

6.1 Unpacking

- After receiving the device, check whether the packing box is damaged. If there is any damage, do not open the box and contact the carrier in time to confirm the damage to the device and matters related to compensation.
- After unpacking, save the packing box and materials for possible storage and transportation in the future.

6.2 Inspection

- When the packing box is in perfect condition, unpack the box. Check the appearance of the device for damage. If there is damage, please contact the salesperson.
- Check the box contents according to the packing list described in the certificate of approval. If any item is missing, please contact the salesperson in time.

7 Device Labels

Labels and Silkscreen Markings	Description
	Shock hazard
	Multiple power inputs The device is powered by multiple power supplies.

Labels and Silkscreen Markings	Description
	Disconnect all power cords when the device is powered off.
	Warranty void if removed Do not open the chassis. If this label is damaged, the device will not be covered by the warranty.
 	Grounding The two ends of the grounding wire are connected to the device and the grounding point respectively, which means that the device must be grounded through the grounding point to ensure the normal operation of the device and the personal safety of the operators.
	Sensitive electronic device Keep the device away from areas with strong electromagnetic radiation to avoid electromagnetic interference and thus affect the image output quality.
	Device carrying The device needs to be carried by multiple people.